Beyond a Nice Smile

Links Between Oral Health and Overall Health for Older Adults

Oral health is about more than just having a nice smile.

Oral health includes the health of the teeth and gums, and the ability to speak and chew comfortably. Common diseases that can affect our oral health include cavities (known as dental caries or tooth decay), gum disease (periodontitis), and oral cancer. Oral health is linked to overall health, self-esteem, and quality of life in many ways you may not have realized.

Medications

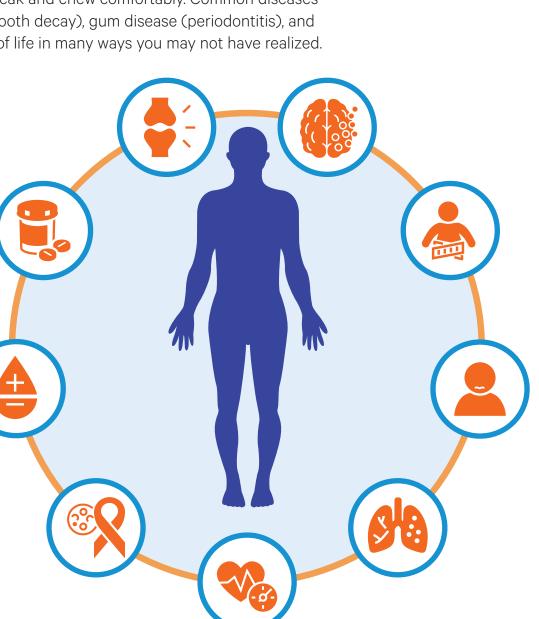
- More than four out of five older adults have at least one chronic health condition. and more than half have at least two chronic conditions.¹ Many medications taken for chronic health conditions cause dry mouth (xerostomia), and dry mouth often gets worse with each additional medication taken.²
- Dry mouth, when not managed, can cause extensive tooth decay, leading to the need for more fillings, root canals, and extractions.³ Unmanaged dry mouth can also lead to oral infections and lesions, as well as difficulty chewing and swallowing, which in turn can result in poor nutrition.⁴

Diabetes

- Having diabetes can raise the risk of developing gum disease by 86%, and individuals with diabetes have gum disease that is more severe than people without diabetes.^{5, 6}
- Untreated gum disease makes it harder for people with diabetes to manage their blood glucose levels.⁷
- People who have diabetes and also wear dentures are likely to develop sores underneath their dentures due to slower wound healing.⁸
- Treating gum disease is linked to lower diabetes-related health care costs.⁹

Cancer

- Women with gum disease, and those missing teeth due to gum disease, are at increased risk for breast cancer.¹⁰⁻¹³
- Men with gum disease have a higher risk of developing prostate cancer compared to those without gum disease.^{14, 15}
- Poor oral hygiene, including infrequent toothbrushing and dental visits, is linked to an increased risk of developing oral cancer.¹⁶⁻¹⁸



Recommendations

- Talk with your patients about their oral health at every visit, including any problems they may be having with their teeth, mouth, or gums. If your patient does not have a dentist whom they see regularly, help them identify an oral health provider as well as options for affordable dental care.
- When treating patients with oral health problems and chronic medical conditions, communicate regularly with the patients' oral health providers to ensure that the oral health of your patients is being maintained. Priority should be given to treatment for and management of conditions like periodontal disease and dental caries.





Arthritis

Dementia

- decline).25

Obesity

Mental Health

- difficulty eating.^{3,4}

Respiratory Health

Having gum disease and associated tooth loss is linked with having rheumatoid arthritis.¹⁹⁻²¹ There is evidence that the risk of rheumatoid arthritis increases with the number of teeth lost due to gum disease.^{22,23}

Having gum disease significantly raises the risk of developing Alzheimer's disease.²⁴ Individuals who have lost teeth or have difficulty eating and swallowing have

an increased risk of developing problems with memory and thinking (cognitive

• Evidence exists that individuals who brush their teeth once a day or less are more likely to develop obesity than those who brush their teeth more often.²⁶ There is a link between obesity and gum disease.²⁷

• Consuming sugary foods and beverages is linked to both obesity and tooth decay in children and adults.^{28, 29}

It is estimated that about one in six adults aged 60 and older experience some kind of mental health condition.³⁰ Adults with depression are more likely to report that they brush their teeth less than once per day, are more likely to experience oral health problems, and are less likely to seek dental care compared to adults without depression.^{31, 32}

Individuals with depression often experience less energy and motivation, which can negatively affect their ability to engage in oral hygiene habits like toothbrushing and flossing. This decrease in oral hygiene can lead to tooth decay and gum disease.³³

Medications used to treat mental health conditions often cause dry mouth, which, when untreated, can cause tooth decay, oral lesions and infections, and

Having preventive dental care, such as cleanings, before a stay in the hospital is linked to a lower risk of developing pneumonia while in the hospital.³⁴

In frail elders, the risk of death from aspiration pneumonia is decreased by improving the seniors' oral health through tooth brushing.³⁵

High Blood Pressure and Heart Disease

The risk of developing high blood pressure (hypertension) is significantly higher in adults who have lost teeth³⁶ and in people with gum disease.³⁷

Evidence exists for a relationship between gum disease and an increased risk of heart (cardiovascular) disease.³⁸



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